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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/874,936	06/05/2001	Todd Ell	A773.12-0049	3507	
6980	7590 01/14/2005	EXA		MINER	
TROUTMAN SANDERS LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA, SUITE 5200 600 PEACHTREE STREET , NE			SHAAWAT, MUSSA		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	GA 30308-2216		2128	<u> </u>	
			DATE MAILED: 01/14/200	DATE MAILED: 01/14/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/874,936	ELL ET AL.			
		Examin r	Art Unit			
		Mussa A Shaawat	2128			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	ne correspondence address			
THE - External control	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reper population of the provision of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statutive reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply by within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABAND	to e timely filed I days will be considered timely. I drow the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status			:			
1)[🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 J</u>	une 2001.				
2a)□						
3)□	·					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5) <u>□</u> 6)⊠	4) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applic rity documents have been rece u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	cation No eived in this National Stage			
Attachmen			(070.440)			
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) LInterview Summ Paper No(s)/Ma				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10 December 2001. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to application # 09/874,936, filed on June 05, 2001. Claims 1-31 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim1-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joseph I. Hauwiller, US Patent No. (6,236,907) referred to hereinafter as Hauwiller in view of Keith Wendte, US Patent No. (5,995,894) referred to hereinafter as Wendte.

As per claim 1, Hauwiller teaches a method of creating application maps (see col.1 lines 12-21), the method comprising: inputting agricultural product information, where each product contains a percentage of nutrient inputs contained in the product (see col. 3 lines 41-45, lines 61-65, col.4 lines 7-13, col.12 lines 43-45);

Inputting nutrient input requirement maps, where the maps are broken into a grid that represents a field, and each cell of the grid contains nutrient input requirements to apply to each cell (see col.4 lines 51-59, col.8 lines 55-61, Fig.7 shows field broken into grid of cells where each cell contain nutrient requirements);

Creating a blend of agricultural products for each cell of the grid based on the agricultural product information and nutrient input requirement maps (see col.12 lines

61-66, Fig.7 shows field broken to a grid of cells where each cell contain nutrient requirements separately);

Converting the blend of agricultural products for each cell into a geographical-tagged-image-file format (see col.13 lines 26-35); and

Adding unique data tags to the blend of agricultural products for each cell of the grid (col.13 lines 41-42, user creates own equation which is not part of the knowledge database, see Fig.15 block 1506).

Although Hauwiller teaches attribute data may include future crop data (see col.4 lines 12-15) he does not expressly teach percentage of crop inputs contained in the product information.

Wendte teaches georefernced digital map of the field, which includes harvest crop (e.g., yield data or moisture content data), which is taken to be percentage of crop inputs contained in the product information (see col.7 line 64-col.8 line 5).

It would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to combine the teachings of Wendte and Hauwiller. Wendte's teaching of georefernced digital map of the field, which includes harvest crop (e.g., yield data or moisture content data), which is taken to be percentage of crop inputs contained in the product information would allow users of Hauwiller's method to easily manipulate the data of the crop requirement when creating an application map of site-specific farming application.

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As per claim 2, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 and further comprising inputting blending instructions, wherein the blend of agricultural products is further based on the blending instructions (see col.14 lines 55-63, col.12 lines 49-53).

As per claim 3, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 2 wherein the blending instructions contain a priority for solving each crop input defined in the crop input requirement maps (see col.14 lines 55-63, see col.4 lines 12-15).

As per claim 4, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 2 wherein the blending instructions contain directions for applying each crop input defined in the crop input requirement maps (see col.1 lines 35-48, col.12 lines 65-col.13 line 5, see col.4 lines 12-15).

As per claim 5, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 2 wherein the blending instructions contain an application rate for each product (see col.1 lines 35-48, col.12 lines 65-col.13 line 5).

As per claim 6, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 2 wherein the blending instructions contain a combination of a priority for solving each crop input defined in the crop input requirement maps, directions for applying each crop input, and an application rate for each product (see col.1 lines 35-48, col.12 lines 65-col.13 line 5, see col.4 lines 12-15).

As per claim 7, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 and further comprising inputting economic constraints, wherein the blend of agricultural products is further based on economic constraints (see col.4 lines 10-15).

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As per claim 8, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 and further comprising inputting application machine constraints, wherein the blend of agricultural products is further based on the application machine constraints (col.1 line 65-col.2 line 11, col.10 lines 14-31).

As per claim 9, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 8 wherein the application machine constraints contain metering limitations for agricultural products (col.8 lines 29-35).

As per claim 10, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 8 wherein the application machine constraints contain metering limitations for product carriers (col.8 lines 29-35).

As per claim 11, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 and further comprising: Inputting blending instructions (see col.14 lines 55-63, col.12 lines 49-53); Inputting economic constraints (see col.4 lines 10-15); and

Inputting application machine constraints, wherein the blend of agricultural products is further based on a combination of blending instructions, economic constraints, and application machine constraints (col.1 line 65-col.2 line 11, col.10 lines 14-31).

As per claim 12, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 and further comprising storing the agricultural product information and crop input requirement maps in a data storage system (see col.4 lines 16-22, col.15 lines 4-12, see col.4 lines 12-15).

As per claim 13, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 wherein the unique data tags contain a checksum for verifying the integrity of the data (col.13 lines 41-42, col.14 lines 63-68).

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As per claim 14, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 wherein the unique data tags contain information on the expiration of the application maps (col.13 lines 41-42, col.14 lines 63-68).

As per claim 15, Hauwiller teaches a method of claim 1 wherein the unique data tags contain information on the paid-for status of the application maps (see col.7 lines 17-22).

As per claims 16-30, claims 16-30 contain the same limitations of claims 1-15, therefore, they are rejected based on the same rationale, supra.

31. A spatial blending module, the module comprising: a main module for converting information input to the spatial blending module into a standard format (see col.13 lines 26-35); and

A spatial blending engine for creating an optimal blend of agricultural products based on pre-defined blending algorithms and the information input into the spatial blending module (see col.12 line 57-col.13 line 26).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

- Wendte US Patent No. (5,995,894) system for analyzing spatially variable harvest data by pass.
- Hargrove, Jr. et al. US Patent No. (5,897,619) Farm management system.

 Peterson US Patent No. (6,401,041) Automated graphical representation of agricultural information.

Communication

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mussa A Shaawat whose telephone number is (571) 272-3785. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:30am to 5:00pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jean R Homere can be reached on (571) 272-3780. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mussa Shaawat Patent Examiner December 30, 2004